Nationalism & Sectionalism

 $U_{nit}\, {\bf 3}$ "The Americans" Chapter 7 Unit Guide

	Textbook Vocabulary			Ani. Ani. Anialyze key political, economic, and social turning points from colonization through keconstruction in terms of
Sectionalism		Adams-Onis Treaty American System		causes and effects (e.g., conflicts, legislation, elections, innovations, leadership, movements, Supreme Court decisions, etc.).
				AH1.H.2.2: Evaluate key turning points from colonization through Reconstruction in terms of their lasting impact.
				AH1.H.3.2: Explain how environmental, cultural and economic factors influenced the patterns of migration and settlement
		armistice		within the US before the Civil War.
		Bank of the United States (BUS) blockade cotton gin embargo Erie Canal impressment Indian Removal Act Industrial Revolution interchangeable parts mass production McCulloch v. Maryland Missouri Compromise Monroe Doctrine National Road nationalism panic of 1837 spoils system Tariff of 1816 Tariff of		AH1.H.3.3: Explain the roles of various racial and ethnic groups in settlement and expansion through Reconstruction and the
				consequences for those groups.
				AH1.H.3.4: Analyze voluntary and involuntary immigration trends through Reconstruction in terms of causes, regions of
				origin and destination, cultural contributions, and public and governmental response.
			l	AH1.H.4.1: Analyze the political issues and conflicts that impacted the United States through Reconstruction and the
			rds	compromises that resulted (e.g., American Revolution, Constitutional Convention, Bill of Rights, development of political
			nda	parties, nullification, slavery, states' rights, Civil War).
			Sta	AH1.H.4.2: Analyze the economic issues and conflicts that impacted the United States through Reconstruction and the
			Essential Standards	compromises that resulted.
				AH1.H.5.2: Explain how judicial, legislative, and executive actions have affected the distribution of power between levels of
				government.
				AH1.H.6.1: Explain how national economic and political interest helped set the direction US foreign policy from
				Independence through Reconstruction (treaties, embargo, tariffs, Proclamations of Neutrality, Monroe Doctrine, etc).
				AH1.H.6.2: Explain the reasons for involvement in wars prior to Reconstruction and the influence each involvement had on
				international affairs.
				AH1.H.7.2: Explain the impact of wars on the American economy through Reconstruction.
				AH1.H.8.1: Analyze the relationship between innovation, economic development, progress and various perceptions of the
				"American Dream" through Reconstruction.
				AH1.H.8.3: Evaluate the extent to which a variety of groups and individuals have had opportunity to attain their perception of
				the "American Dream" through Reconstruction (e.g., plantation society, transcendentalism, 49ers, etc.).
			Learner Objectives	1) Analyze how the War of 1812 and the Monroe Doctrine fostered nationalism in the United States.
				2) Analyze how regional differences fostered sectionalism in the United States
				3) Examine sectionalism and nationalism.
	□ s			4) Predict what effect new inventions will have on agriculture.
	□ 1			5) Contrast the northern and southern economies.
	□ 1			6) Evaluate how the role of the presidency was greatly changed under the administration of Andrew Jackson by considering
3	P	Abominations		his policies on Indian removal, the Second Bank of the United States, and the nullification crisis.
	□ ⊺	Treaty of Ghent Trail of Tears war hawk Whig Party	Language Objectives	1) Examine the causes and effects of the War of 1812 by completing a graphic organizer.
3	□ ⊺			2) Analyze a political cartoon about the Monroe doctrine in groups.
Hattionallism &	□ v			3) Evaluate a speech in primary source reading groups.
				4) Evaluate Chief Justice John Marshall's career by analyzing past cases in pairs.
				5) Define and apply knowledge of sectionalism and nationalism by creating Frayer models. 6) Predict what effect new inventions will have on agriculture and sectionalism by analyzing primary sources related to Eli
			e Ok	Whitney's cotton gin.
			Languag	7) Contrast the northern and southern economies individually in a chart.
				8) Apply the speech analysis tool to Jackson's speech to Congress on Indian removal.
				9) Create a timeline evaluating the relationship between the Cherokee and the US government before Indian removal.
				10) Analyze the bank war and nullification crisis by completing primary source activities in pairs.
				11) Create a political cartoon evaluating Jackson's presidency individually.
				1) Why was neutrality the dominant foreign policy position of America?
			Essential Questions	2) How does geography affect the type of economy people have?
				3) How has the relationship between local, state, and national government changed over time?
				4) What role should government play in the economy?
				5) How do economic differences lead to other conflicts?
			ial O	6) How does scientific progress influence history?
				7) What rights should noncitizens have?
				8) How should we definite citizenship?
				9) How should we commemorate the past?
	10) What qualities make a good president?			10) What qualities make a good president?
	By the end of the Unit, you should have mastered the following:			
		In what way did to	he fol	lowing people shape the identity of the United States?
	John Quin		Adan	ns • John Ross
	Key People	 John C. Calhoun Henry Clay Andrew Jackson John Marshall James Monroe 		Tecumseh
	Pec			John Tyler
	,ey			Martin Van Buren
	~			Daniel Webster
				Eli Whitney
		How did these im	nact t	he identity of the United States? • Tariff of 1816
	/	Industrial Revolution Missouri Compromise		
	Key Events			
	ú	Panic of 183	•	• War of 1812
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Key	For each, explain the main idea and the influence it had on forming the identity of the United States. Adams-Onis Treaty Indian Removal Act Treaty of Ghent		
Vocabulary	Identify the significance of each term in the context of forming the identity of the United States. American System Bank of the United States (BUS) cotton gin Gibbons v. Ogden McCulloch v. Maryland Missouri Compromise War of 1812		